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# A conceptual review of *Ksheerpaka Kalpana*. Ashutosh Balasaheb Todkari\*<sup>1</sup>, Pallavi Bhange<sup>2</sup>, Kalyani Jadhav<sup>3</sup>

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#### **Abstract:**

Ayurvedic pharmaceutics deals with various methods of preparation of medicines. Basic preparations are five i.e. Swarasa, Kalka, Kwath, Hima and Phanta. Ksheepaka kalpna is derived from Kwath Kalpana. Kwath means decoction. Medicinal values are extracted in water with the help of Agni. In Ksheerpaka Kalpana Aushadhi dravya is boiled with Milk and Water and medicinal values are extracted in Milk. Ksheer means milk is a wholesome food of human. Milk is a rich source of vitamins and minerals. Milk is widely used from ancient era as a food or base of medicament. In Ksheerpaka Kalpana milk is heated with aushadhi draavya with the help of Agni therefore medicinal benefits of these dravyas are conveyed via milk. Milk is Jeevaniya & Having Medhya rasayan property effective in Kshat & Ksheena, having Medhya, Balya, & stanyakara properties.

**Keywords:** *Ksheerpaka*, Milk, *Rasayan*, Types of *Ksheerpaka Kalpana*.

#### **Introduction:**

Bhaishajya Kalpana is the basic pharmaceutical science of Ayurveda, where Bheshaj means Aushadha and Kalpana means various dosage forms.

In *Bhaishajya Kalpana*, five basic *Kalpana* i.e. *Panchavidha Kashaya Kalpana* have been described as *Swarasa*, *Kalka*, *Kwatha*, *Hima* and *Phanta*<sup>1</sup>. Apart from these basic types *Kalpana*, several other *Kalpana* also have been described. *Ksheerapaka Kalpana* comes under the *Kwatha Kalpana*.

Different types of *Ksheera*paka are explained in Ayurved *Samhita* for different diseases. *Ksheera*paka *Kalpana* is commonly used form of medicine in all age group. *Charaka Samhita*, *Dravyaguna Vidnyana*, *Sharandhara Samhita* etc. have explained *Ksheera*paka *Kalpana*.

Ksheerpaka Kalpana is a unique preparation consisting of aushadhi dravya, milk, water. It developed as an up Kalpana of Kwatha Kalpana.

There are two references mentioning the proportion of *Ksheerpaka Kalpana* viz;

In *Sharangdhara Samhita*, it is mentioned that *aushadhi dravya* 1 part, milk 8 part and water 32 part taken and boiled till milk only remains<sup>2</sup>. According to *Dravyaguna Vidnyana*, *aushadhi dravya* 1 part, milk 15 part and water is also 15 part is to be taken and boiled till milk only remains<sup>3</sup>.

Table No.1: Reference of Proportions of *Ksheerpaka Kalpana*:

Name of Text	Quantity (Aushadhi dravya : Milk: Water)		
Sharangdhara	1:8:32		
Samhita			
Dravyaguna	1:15:15		
Vidnyana			

Definition Of Ksheerpaka:<sup>4</sup>

क्षीरमष्टगुणं द्रव्यात क्षीरान्नीरं चतुर्गुणम्| क्षीरावशेषं तत्वीतं शूलमामोदभवं जयेत्||

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### Properties of Milk:<sup>5</sup>

Ksheera means milk is a wholesome food of human which is Aajanma Satmya has a similar property to Oja. It is madhura, madhura, sheet, guru, pichichil, snigdha, sara, mrudu gunatmak. Milk is widely used from ancient era as a food or base of medicament. Along with that godugdha is jeevaniya & having medhya rasayana property effective in Kshata & Ksheena, having medhya, balya, & stanyakara properties

...गव्यं तु जिवनीयं रसायनम्ऽक्षतक्षीणहितं मेध्यं बल्यं स्तन्यकरं सरमंऽऽश्रम भ्रम मदालक्ष्मी श्र्वास कासाति तृटक्षुधःऽजीर्ण ज्वरं otan्रम् रक्तिपत्तं च नाशयेत्ऽऽ८

A.) Table No.2: Ingredients of milk as per modern texts:<sup>9</sup>

Water	85.5 – 89.5	
Total Solid	10.5 – 14.5	
Fat	2.5 – 6.0	
Protein	2.9 – 5.0	
Lactose	3.6 – 5.5	
Mineral	0.6 – 0.9	

#### Material of Ksheerpaka:

Stainless steel vessel, Gas stove, Measuring Cylinder, Cotton Cloth, Weighing machine, Ladle, Spoon.

### Preparation of Ksheerpaka: 10

- 1. *Dravya* will be taken in a stainless-steel container.
- 2. 8 parts of *Godugdh* (cow milk) be added to it and its level will be confirmed 32 parts of water will be added.
- 3. Mixture will be heated on *mandagni* (low flame) till whole water evaporates and *Ksheerpaka* will be filtered.

# Various Types of Dravya With Their Properties and Therapeutic Uses:

Various *dravyas* are used to prepare *Ksheerpaka Kalpana*. Commonly used are *Pippali (Piper longum ), Shunthi (Zingiber Officinalis ), Arjuna (Terminalia Arjuna ),* 

Rason (Alium Sativum ), Haridra (Curcuma longa ), Shatavari (Asparagus Racemosus ), Ashwagandha (Withania Somnifera), etc. In

Ayurvedic texts various preparations are found.

Some of these preparations are described in the following table.

Name of the <i>Dravya</i>	Properties	Therapeutic uses
A · 11	A 4 : 4 C 11	01 '4 II 4
· ·	_	Obesity, Heart
(Terminalia Arjuna)	Healing wounds	diseases, Urinary tract
		problem, Ulcers, Cardio
D 12		protective
Rason	_	Chronic fever, Heart
(Alium Sativum)		disease, Abdominal
		pain, Constipation,
	*	Intestinal growth,
	as a brain tonic, Good for	Oedema, Worms,
	eyes	Hemorrhoids, Skin
		disease, Cough,
	A SULLING	Dyspnea, Indigestion
		Cough, Dyspnea,
(Piper longum)	Aphrodisiac, Sweet, after	Abdominal disease,
	digestion, Easy to digest,	Fever, Skin diseases,
	Promotes vata and kapha,	Intestinal growth,
	Mild laxative	Haemorrhoids, Arthritis,
		Indigestion, Spleen
		Diseases.
Shunthi <sup>14</sup>	Pungent, Digestive, Snigdha,	Vomiting, Dyspnoea,
(Zingiber Officinalis)	Improves voice	Spasmodic pain,
		Cough, Gastric and
		Heart disease,
		Oedema, Haemorrhoids
Haridra <sup>15</sup>	Pungent, Bitter, reduces	Cough, Skin disease,
(Curcuma longa)	kapha and pitta, Enhances	Anaemia, Worms, Fever,
	complex	Wounds, Ulcers, Oedema,
		Intestinal growth,
		Haemorrhoids
	Arjun <sup>11</sup> (Terminalia Arjuna)  Rason <sup>12</sup> (Alium Sativum)  Pippali <sup>13</sup> (Piper longum)  Shunthi <sup>14</sup> (Zingiber Officinalis)	Arjun 11 (Terminalia Arjuna)  Rason 12 (Alium Sativum)  Pippali 13 (Piper longum)  Appretizer, Pungent, Aphrodisiac, Good for eyes  Phypali 14 (Piper longum)  Approdisiac, Sweet, after digestion, Easy to digest, Promotes vata and kapha, Mild laxative  Pungent, Digestive, Snigdha, Improves voice  Pungent, Bitter, reduces kapha and pitta, Enhances

<b>Discussion:</b>
Discussion.

Ksheerpaka Kalpana is used in diseases like fever, cough, pleurisy, heart diseases, dyspnea, dysentery, obesity, skin diseases, worms, wounds, ulcers, oedema, hemorrhoids, intestinal growth etc. and to improve immune system.

In *Ksheerpaka* preparation medicinal herbs are boiled with milk and water. Medicinal plant extracts are dissolved in milk. Properties of milk and medicinal plant come together and work to treat the disease and also to prevent the disease Generally godudha is used for the preparation of Ksheerpaka. To prepare Ksheerpaka 1-part aushadhi dravya is taken, 8 parts milk is used and 32 parts water is used. Milk is one such carrier that has been effectively used to deliver phytochemicals for targeted health benefits. Interaction among the bio molecules of milk and bioactive compounds in herbs is occurred during the preparation of due to heat. Ksheerpaka Kalpana Ksheerpaka may be prescribed as a medicament. It has nourishing property and is expected to show immunomodulation. These benefits of Ksheerpaka makes it the preferred choice of drug delivery system in aged people and children who have low tolerance to various dosage forms and need added nourishment.

#### **Conclusion:**

Ksheerpaka Kalpana is a unique preparation of ayurvedic pharmaceutics. With the help of milk, it is useful to promote the health as well as to treat the disease. Milk is a rich source of vitamins and minerals. It is ajanmya satmya, easily taken by the children and old age group. Properties of milk and

medicinal herbs which are used for the preparation of *Ksheerpaka*.

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