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Relationship between Agni and Pitta – a critical review

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ABSTRACT

Ayurveda has described a crucial factor of digestion and metabolism in our body as *Agni. Agni* is liable for strength, health, longevity and vital breath. The term "*Agni*" is employed within the sense of digestion of food and metabolic products. *Agni* has been divided into 13 types, i.e., one *Jatharagni*, five *Bhutagni* and seven *Dhatvagni*. About the importance of *agni*, *Aacharya Charaka* says that, When the *Agni* of a person is *sama*, then that person would be absolutely healthy and would lead an extended, healthy life. But, if the *Agni* of an individual is vitiated, the entire metabolism in his body would be disturbed.

There are 3 types of *doshas – vata*, *pitta* and *kapha*. *Pitta* has divided into 5 types, i.e., *Pachaka*, *Ranjaka*, *Sadhaka*, *Aalochaka* and *Bhrajaka*. When *pitta* is in balance within a person, consistent with their *prakruti*, their blood is going to be healthy and therefore the acid secretions in their intestines and

stomach optimal for digestion. Judgment, and discernment are functions of balanced *pitta*. Our ability to obviously perceive what the body senses is governed by *pitta*. The body's capability to take care of warmth and capability to mentally digest our studies and feelings are governed by *Pitta Dosha*.

KEYWORDS: *Pitta, Agni, bhutagni, dhatvagni, jatharagni*

INTROUCTION

As it is described in Ayurveda, *Agni* is having many derivatives which shows the importance of *Agni* as *Ayu* (longevity) which suggests it increases the life span of the human if *Agni* is working properly, *Varna* (complexion) it maintains the color complexion of the body, *Bala* (strength) *Agni* maintains the strength of the body, *Swasthya* (health) it maintains the health i.e.,

physical, mental status of the human being, Utsaha (enthusiasm) it maintains the interest of the mortal being in the life, Upachaya metabolism) it maintain (body the gastrointestinal system and metabolism of the body, Prabha (luster) it maintains the gentle luster and soft gleam of the body, Ojas (towel substance) it maintains the impunity of the body, Agnavah (memoir fires) it maintains the digestive fires of the body, Prana (life) it maintains the stable life of mortal being. When Agni of the body gets extinguished also the body (Sharir) is considered as dead. As far as Agni inside the body remains in Sam Avastha (in proper quantum), person livelong with none disease or complaint.¹

The origin of *Pitta* is from "Tapa" which means: combustion/digestion - to offer nourishment to the body by digestion of ingested food, to take care of heat - by means of warmth, it maintains the color, lustier, etc of the body.² As Agni is correlated with Pitta and the type of Pitta which is essentially correlated with Agni is Pachak pitta. It is explained from the way which during it performs the PakadiKarmasi.e., it digests food, separates Sara from Kitta of the food, due to this, it is known as *Pachak pitta*.³*Pachakpitta*has following synonyms Jatharagni, Kosthagni, directly participates in the digestion of food and at the same time, support to and augments the functions of remaining Pittas, present elsewhere within the body. Agni in Ayurveda is reflected within the concept of Pitta of the system. The site of Agni is is situated Grahani. It in betweenAmashvaand Pakwashava.⁴ That is additionally the place of *Pitta* there are five types of Pittas that also are considered in AgniRaag (Ranjak Pitta) that has Rasaranjan Karma, Pakti (Pachak pitta) that has Ahaarpaachan karma, Tejo (Alochak Pitta) that has Darshan karma, Medho (Sadhak pitta) that has properties to maintain as Buddhi, Medha. Ushma (Bhrajak pitta) has properties to take care of skin complexion.⁵Agni is the energy in our body which activates metabolism function which converts the ingested food into the substance which provides strength to the body.

Now, there's an issue on whether *Pitta* and *Agni*are both an equivalent or are different? Some Acharyas consider *Pitta* to be *Agni*while others speak differently.

Relation between Agni and Pitta

According to Acharya Sushruta, there's no existence of the other Agni within the body without Pitta, because when there's increased digestion and combustion within the body thanks to Ushna gunaof Pitta, the treatment is like Agni.⁶Acharya Marichi has additionally underscored that the Agni present inside the Pitta gives positive or negative outcomes when it's generally expected or vitiated.

Chakrapani has remarked on "Pittantargatta," that the capacity of Pitta inside the body isn't ignition however its work is to supply fieriness of Agni. Besides this, Acharya Shusrutahas described five sorts of Agnis because the sort of Pitta. Acharya Bhoja also considered Pitta as Agni, digestive fire is included within Agni, which is specially meant for various

enzymatic activities of the body, i.e., etc.⁷ pachana, bhedana, deepan. As per Hemadri, Pitta is of 5 divisions, which are situated inside the inside of the pakvashayaand amashaya, in spite of the fact that it's made out of Panchabhutas. because of an ascent of (power characteristics of) teja bhuta, it's infertile of liquidity (in spite of the fact that it's a fluid).⁸ Likewise, in light of the fact that it doesn't have *snigdha* (viscidity), *shita*and such different properties of apabhuta, it's called by the expression "Butt-centric" because of its capacity of *paka*. It prepares the food, isolating it into quintessence and waste independently. Being confined there, it offers beauty (help) to the contrary Pitta present there and furthermore the inverse *dhatvagni*present inside the dhatus by invigorating them (force of working), which is perceived as "Pachaka Pitta".

Various models are accessible in our works of art to point that *Pitta* is that as old as. Yet, a few questions emerge behind the idea of whether *Pitta* is *Agni*.

MATERIALS AND METHODS:

Just printed materials have been utilized for this review, from which different references have been gathered. Fundamental Ayurvedic texts utilized in this review are *Charak Samhita*, *Sushruta Samhita*, *AshtangSangrah*, *AshtangHridya* and the accessible analyses on it. Present day messages and related sites have likewise been looked.

DISCUSSION:

Agniand Pitta are unique?

Acharya Sushruta, has obviously demonstrated that Pitta and Agni are same. As indicated by Dalhana, agniand pitta are unique. There are many examples wherein pitta and agniare depicted as various substances.

i) A reference from pathogenesis of *Grahani* infection –

Pitta vitiated by admission of sharp, destructive, harsh, salts and because of heartburn of food or food sources causing acid reflux will stifle stomach related fire (*agni*) similarly as bubbling water quenches fire disregarding being amazingly hot. Expecting *pitta* and *agni*were to be same substances, *pitta* would not put off fire. This approves *pitta* and *agni*to be different substances.

ii) In one more setting of clarifying pathogenesis of *palitas*ickness i.e., grayness of hairs –Body heat (*agni*here) and *pitta* which are vitiated by outrage, despondency, depletion, arrive at head and produce grayness of hairs by distressing hair roots.

Here again terms *pitta* and *agni*are utilized independently. The two of them take part in pathogenesis of grayness.

iii) *Pitta* and *agni*are distinctive in their properties too. *Pitta* is fluid, unctuous and will in general move in descending heading. Fire (*agni*) is dry and unpleasant in nature, without dampness and will in general move in vertical heading.

iv) Even from restorative point, certain prescriptions act in contrary directions on *pitta* and fire. *Ghee* is pitta appeasing in nature while it upgrades fire. Assuming *pitta* and fire were to be same, ghee would either build both or decline both. This legitimizes that *pitta* and fire are various substances.

v) Definition of wellbeing tells that -

'Balance status of *doshas*, fire, tissues, excreta and loveliness of brain, faculties and soul is called *swastha*i.e., a status of wellbeing'. This definition likewise focuses towards *pitta* which is a *dosha* and fire being various substances.

vi) *Agnis* are supposed to be 13 in number, while *pitta* is of five kinds. Agnis are named as – *jatharagni*i.e., stomach related fire 1 in number, *bhutagnis*i.e., 5 basic flames, *dhatvagnis*i.e.,7 tissue fires.

Agniand Pitta Similarity

Assessment of *agniand pitta* being comparable elements

i) Aacharya Sushruta tells that both pitta and agniare one and same. Agni i.e., fire component is situated inside *pitta* in the body. Elements of fire and *pitta* are comparative. At the point when this *pitta* is adjusted, it is gainful for body and brain. All elements of body like - processing, ingestion. osmosis isolation. and transformation of food into body components and tissues are completed by this fair *pitta*.

This *pitta* additionally dispenses with squanders from body routinely and keeps body solid.

Strength, shading, tone, insusceptibility, sustenance, energy, knowledge and numerous different variables rely upon predictability of *pitta* and fire situated inside it. At the point when same *pitta* gets tainted, it prompts untoward results like upset wellbeing, digestion and insusceptibility, numerous infections and furthermore demise.

Bleak *pitta* can be showed in an expanded or diminished structure as far as quality and amount. While *pitta* decline just gives indications of diminishing, expanded *pitta* causes numerous illnesses.

Acharya Sushruta has announced that- 'We can't track down some other Agni or fire in body other than *Pitta'*. This legitimizes that both *pitta* and fire are same.

ii) Agni is situated in body as pitta. This pitta is of five kinds and possesses five seats in the body. Among all, pachakapitta i.e., stomach related pitta situated in stomach and digestive organs is supposed to be unrivaled type of pitta. This pitta, being situated in referenced spots controls other sub-kinds of pitta. Ranjakapitta situated in liver, Sadhaka pitta situated in mind, Alochakapitta situated in eyes and cerebrum and Bhrajakapitta situated in skin.

Ordinarily working *pitta* helps in – appropriate processing, vision, typical temperature, ordinary tone and tone. It offers strength, delight and agreeableness. Strange *pitta* is answerable for – ill-advised

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absorption, visual deficiency and mistakes of vision, unusual temperature changes, hindered shading and appearance. It becomes answerable for fears, stresses and dreams. Most elements of *pitta* take after those of fire.

iii) *Agni*is available as five sorts of *pitta* in the body. No different *agni*is seen or seen in the body other than one or other type of *pitta*. This shows that *agni*and *pitta* are same elements.

iv) When *pitta* gets expanded in body, blazing characteristics like hotness, processing nature and so forth are expanded in the body. At the point when *pitta* moderating meds or diet is given, searing characteristics additionally get assuaged. This would not be imaginable assuming *pitta* and *agni*are various substances. Hence, *pitta* and *agni*are same substances and fire inside body situated inside is *pitta*.

v) When searing characteristics in body are lessened infections like anorexia, acid reflux, loss of craving, loss of interest in food and so on are manifested. In such conditions when *pitta* expanding spices like ginger, *Plumbago zeylanica*are controlled, blazing characteristics are reestablished and referenced sicknesses are relieved. This likewise legitimizes that fire and *pitta* are same substances.

vi) Old style texts likewise have again reported that *pitta* is just *antaragni*or *jatharagni*i.e., inside fire. This hypothesis is demonstrated by direct confirmations and inductions. Traditional references cited by old instructors and experts are acknowledged most assuredly, without discussion or addressing. They are reliable hypotheses. Subsequently, even by old style references and confirmations, *pitta* and *agni*are same elements.

CONCLUSION:

After an itemized conversation on *Pitta* and *Agni*, it is reasoned that all hypotheses in their respect have their own significance, and it is extremely challenging to close which hypothesis is more suitable. Yet, one end that can be drawn subsequent to going through the subtleties is that in respect of treatment, *Pitta* and *Agnia*re something similar, though in understanding to their, fabricate they vary from one another.

Clarifying momentarily the stomach related and metabolic elements of Agni, Acharya *Charaka* has referenced that different sort of dietic materials are processed by their own Agni (Bhutagni), energized and improved by Antaragni (Jatharagni), which is additionally processed and utilized bv Dhatvagnito connect the body with the composition nourishing strength, and cheerful life alongside giving energy to the seven dhatus.

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